

15 These are the things that impelled them; these are the things that shaped the unity of the Allies

Audio: <https://archive.org/details/Reagan-PP2785> (up to 7:50)

1. Which of the following details describe the audio track, and which details describe the written text? Place an X in correct column.

Statement	Text	Audio
The speech is broken up into distinct paragraphs.		
Pauses in the speech show emphasis.		
Reagan is quoting only part of a line from the poem.		
There are pauses or breaks between some sentences.		
Reagan stumbles over a few words.		

2. Read the excerpt from the passage:

There was the impossible valor of the Poles who threw themselves between the enemy and the rest of Europe as the invasion took hold, and the unsurpassed courage of the Canadians who had already seen the horrors of war on this coast. They knew what awaited them there, but they would not be deterred. And once they hit Juno Beach, they never looked back.

All of these men were part of a rollcall of honor with names that spoke of a pride as bright as the colors they bore: the Royal Winnipeg Rifles, Poland’s 24th Lancers, the Royal Scots Fusiliers, the Screaming Eagles, the Yeomen of England’s armored divisions, the forces of Free France, the Coast Guard’s “Matchbox Fleet” and you, the American Rangers.

Forty summers have passed since the battle that you fought here. You were young the day you took these cliffs; some of you were hardly more than boys, with the deepest joys of life before you. Yet, you risked everything here. Why? Why did you do it? What impelled you to put aside the instinct for self-preservation and risk your lives to take these cliffs? What inspired all the men of the armies that met here? We look at you, and somehow we know the answer. It was faith and belief; it was loyalty and love.

The men of Normandy had faith that what they were doing was right, faith that they fought for all humanity, faith that a just God would grant them mercy on this beachhead or on the next. It was the deep knowledge – and pray God we have not lost it – that there is a profound, moral difference between the use of force for liberation and the use of force for conquest. You were here to liberate, not to conquer, and so you and those others did not doubt your cause. And you were right not to doubt.

In which paragraphs does Reagan include a quiet voice and long pauses to emphasis his point? Underline your answers.

