

Wisewire Spanish 1 – 7.1: Con un boleto / With a Ticket

In this lesson –aligned to ACTFL standards– students **will demonstrate knowledge of vocabulary related to travel and transportation, use the verb "ir" in present tense, recognize Spanish prepositions, and examine geographical characteristics of Florida.**

This lesson has five sections:

- Introduction: includes the goals to be achieved and a video that shows the Spanish vocabulary to be learned. Students are challenged to infer the meaning of each new term.
- Instruction: contains complete vocabulary and grammar themes that use an interactive glossary. Videos provide images and audio allows students to listen and practice to correct pronunciation. Encourage the students to use a self-recording tool to improve their oral skills. Videos should be used for review as frequently as possible. This component also offers thought-provoking Culture sections, which consist of interesting facts students will learn about Spanish-speaking countries: their food, their music, their customs, their history, their art, their music, and their literature.
- Practice (Exercises) and Review (Test Preparation): each lesson has two sets of question sections that provide the students with practice to reinforce the learning process. It also includes a self-recording tool to practice pronunciation.
- Quiz: after the activity section, students may take a 5-question quiz to test retention.

It also includes two videos that support the teaching of the vocabulary and the grammar of the lesson, one bilingual and one in Spanish. Beginners and advanced worksheets complement this lesson.

Additional Materials

- To fully complete the instruction process, students will need access to a recording device.

HS Spanish Semester 1A Unit 7
Unit Name: Mis viajes/My travels
Lección 7.1: Con un boleto/With a Ticket

DAY 1 - Lección 7.1

Day 1 – Introducción

¡Comenzamos!

Today, we will learn about how to talk about traveling in Spanish. First, we will look at some words related to travel and transportation. We also will learn the present tense of **ir**. This verb allows us to talk about our travel destinations, whether it is a short trip or walk inside your town or city, or if it is an international journey. In order to express different things about travel, we will learn some prepositions and how to ask and answer questions about destination. Finally, we will begin our own journey around the Spanish speaking world. This time, the destination is Florida, and we will learn about the main characteristics of the Sunshine State. Ready to begin?

Objetivos

1. 7.1.1. Demonstrate knowledge of vocabulary related to travel and transportation.
2. 7.1.2. Use the verb **ir** in present tense. Recognize Spanish prepositions.
3. 7.1.3. Examine geographical characteristics of Florida.



Author: Steven Lek

Vocabulario

Today, we will learn the following Spanish words. Watch the video and write each Spanish word in your notebook. Then, jot down what you think the English meaning of each word might be. As you go through the lesson, go back and add the correct English word to your notebook.



Day 1 – Instruction

¡Listos para aprender!
Mis viajes/My travels

Vocabulario

Today, we are going to learn new words, phrases, and expressions about travel and transportation.

- **Traveling by land.** If you want to travel somewhere, you have plenty of options. You travel by car, by bus, or take the train, **el tren**. If you want to travel by train, you first go to the station, **la estación**, and buy a ticket, **el boleto**. It can be a one-way ticket or a round-trip ticket, **el boleto de ida y vuelta**.
- **Traveling by sea.** If you live by the sea, or you want to go somewhere that has access to the sea, you can travel by boat, **el barco**. If you want to travel by boat you must first go to the port, **el puerto**, where you wait for the boat. If the trip is long enough, or if you are on a cruise ship, you will have a cabin, **el camarote**, where you can rest and keep your things.
- **Other ways to travel and what you can carry with you.** However, if you prefer to travel either by train, **viajar en tren**, or by boat, **en barco**, you must have a ticket and your luggage, **el equipaje**. Most of the time, your ticket will show departure, **la salida**, and arrival, **la llegada**, times. If you don't want to miss your train or boat, pay close attention to the departure time!

Watch out! Notice that while English uses the preposition “by” to express the mode of travel, Spanish uses **en** (in, on): **viajar en tren, viajar en autobús, viajar en carro, viajar en barco**.

Watch the vocabulary section of the video only. Listen to the Spanish vocabulary words. After you listen to a word, repeat it aloud. Then, write the English meaning next to the Spanish word in your notebook.

Gramática

Read the following grammar concepts closely. You will learn the present tense of **ir**, meaning “to go.” Then, we will see how to form some sentences to talk about destination using this verb and some prepositions.

- **Verb *ir*: present tense.** When talking about traveling in Spanish, one useful verb to know is **ir** (to go). This is an irregular verb (like **ser** or **estar**) that does not

Práctica

Nombre _____

Carefully read each question, and choose the correct answer.



Credit: jarmoluk

1. Where do you find **los barcos**?
 - a. en el puerto
 - b. en la estación
 - c. en el camarote
2. Which preposition can be used in this sentence to mean “to”? **Luisa viaja de Miami _____ Tallahassee.**
 - a. entre
 - b. con
 - c. a
3. Which form of the verb **ir** can be used in this sentence? **Felicia y yo _____ a visitar a nuestros abuelos en Jacksonville, Florida.**
 - a. vamos
 - b. voy
 - c. van
4. Okeechobee is a _____ in Florida.
 - a. mountain
 - b. lake
 - c. river

Práctica

Nombre _____

A. Carefully read each question, and choose the correct answer.



Credit: US Navy

1. If you are traveling by sea, what means of transportation would you use?
 - a. el tren
 - b. el camarote
 - c. el barco
2. What is the piece of paper that shows that you have paid the fare for your travel?
 - a. la llegada
 - b. el boleto
 - c. la salida
3. You want to ask your friend Elsa if she goes to New York by train. Which verb form correctly completes the sentence?
¿_____ a Nueva York en tren?
 - a. Vas
 - b. Van
 - c. Va
4. You and your friend go to the library. How would you complete the sentence?
Nosotras _____ a la biblioteca.
 - a. vais
 - b. vamos
 - c. van
5. What is the capital of the state of Florida?
 - a. Tallahassee
 - b. Jacksonville
 - c. Tampa